CONSTITUTIONAL COUNCIL ASSOCIATED STUDENTS OF STANFORD UNIVERSITY STANFORD ANSCOMBE SOCIETY, PETITIONER v. GRADUATE STUDENT COUNCIL

Majority opinion held and written by: Geo Saba, Milton Achelpohl, Ireri Hernandez, and Sona Sulakian

[May 17, 2014]

Argued April 30, 2014--

discrimination. This Council agrees that there is an importance to protect the rights of minority groups and opinions on campus, as such discussion and engagement are important to have on Stanford's campus. Unfortunately, there is not an explicit clause in the Constitution that protects against discrimination in terms of funding. Thus, we will suggest to the GSC that it pass new bylaws that protect the rights of minority viewpoints on campus, so that, going forward, funding is not done in a discriminatory manner. We advise that the GSC keep its current by-laws, including 2013-14 GSC Funding Guidelines 3.B.12. a-b, and should retain the right to determine which events meet that standard. The current iteration of by-laws, and especially the inclusivity by-law, does not in our opinion include a sufficiently strict mechanism or process for determining if adequate standatds, like inclusivity, are met when funding events. This Council would request the inclusion of a rigorous examination or strict scrutiny when determining, for example, if an event, has "any tone of exclusivity", or "where a given segment of the graduate student population are made to feel unwelcome". While the action of revoking funding in this case was constitutional, we are concerned that a rigorous argument was not presented or provided as to how the event in question, violated the GSC's by-laws. This being said, we believe the constitution does in fact grant the GSC the "ultimate authority" in drafting its bylaws and exercising this right. Moving forward, we would like to see the GSC provide more meticulous and compelling reasoning when considering funding for events where content, inclusivity and subjectivity are at play. This will hopefully provide a more rigorous precedent and prevent future cases from being brought before the Council based on claims of discrimination. Simply put, stricter metrics should be adopted by the GSC to prevent minority viewpoint discrimination.

We feel that the role of the Council in this case is not to determine whether or not the SAS event violated the inclusivity by-law, as we find this authority has been constitutionally granted to the GSC. Beyond this, the Council notes that it was not provided sufficient details in the methods the GSC used to determine the inclusiveness of the event, something we hope our recommendations might remedy in the future.

The <u>evidence provided by SAS</u>, having to do with the event that took place was not taken into consideration, as the revocation of funding took place before the event. In addition, we do not feel compelled to follow the precedents set by the Supreme Court of the United States of America, given our responsibility is limited to interpreting the ASSU Constitution. Indeed, we have only compared our holding to the operations of the US Congress to illustrate our position and why we think it sensible. No such argument could ever be binding on this Council.

The actions of the Graduate Student Council in revoking \$600 of funding for the Stanford Anscombe Society's (SAS) conference: *Communicating Values: Marriage, Family, and the Media* are found to be constitutional. The request of the petitioner to order the GSC to allocate \$600 in funding for a future Anscombe event is not granted.

It is so ordered.